

Indicators to the Convention of the Rights of the Child in the Middle East and North Africa

Country	Total population (thousands) 2008	Population under 18 (thousands) 2008	Birth registration (%) 2000-2008*		UNDP Development Index, ranking on a total of 182 countries 2009	GDP per capita, average annual growth rate (%), 1990-2008	Life expectancy at birth (years) 2008	Infant mortality rate (under 1) 2008	Under-5 mortality rate 2008	Under-5 mortality rank (on a total of 193 countries) 2008	Maternal mortality ratio , adjusted 2005*	Maternal mortality ratio Lifetime risk of maternal death. 1 in: 2005*	Infants with low birthweight (%) 2003-2008*	Population using improved drinking water sources, (%) 2006*		Population using improved sanitation facilities, (%) 2006*		Estimated number of children (0-14 years) living with HIV (thousands) 2008*	Primary school enrolment ratio net 2003-2008*		Secondary school enrolment ratio net 2003-2008*		Youth (15-24 years) literacy rate, 2003-2007*		Total adult literacy rate (%), 2003-2008*	Child labour (5-14 years) (%) 1999-2008*		Child marriage (%) 2000-2008*		Female genital mutilation/ cutting women (a) (15-49 years) 2002-2007*	
			urban	rural										urban	rural	urban	rural		male	female	male	female	male	female		male	female	male	female	urban	rural
Algeria	34373	11712	99	99	104	1.4	72	36	41	75	180	220	6	87	81	98	87	n/a	96	95	65	68	94	91	75	6	4	2	2	n/a	n/a
Bahrain	776	248	n/a	n/a	39	2.4	76	10	12	145	32	1300	8	100	n/a	100	n/a	n/a	98	98	91	96	100	100	89	6	3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Egypt	81527	31527	99	99	123	2.5	70	20	23	77	130	230	13	99	98	85	52	n/a	98	94	82	78	90	82	72	8	5	9	22	92	98
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	73312	22593	n/a	n/a	88	2.7	71	27	32	83	140	300	7	99	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	91	100	79	75	98	97	85	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Iraq	30096	14432	95	96	n/a	n/a	68	36	44	66	300	72	15	88	56	80	69	n/a	87	82	45	32	89	81	74	12	9	16	19	n/a	n/a
Israel	7051	2299	n/a	n/a	27	1.7	81	4	5	166	4	7800	8	100	100	100	n/a	n/a	96	98	88	89	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Jordan	6136	2550	n/a	n/a	96	2.2	73	17	20	99	62	450	13	99	91	88	71	n/a	89	91	81	83	99	99	93	n/a	n/a	10	7	n/a	n/a
Kuwait	2919	801	n/a	n/a	31	1.8	78	9	11	140	4	9600	7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	84	83	75	79	100	100	94	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Lebanon	4194	1317	n/a	n/a	83	2.6	72	12	13	91	150	290	6	100	100	100	n/a	n/a	83	82	69	77	n/a	n/a	n/a	8	6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	6294	2220	n/a	n/a	55	1.8	74	15	17	117	97	350	7	n/a	n/a	97	96	n/a	n/a	83	82	69	77	100	98	87	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Morocco	31606	11030	92	80	130	2.2	71	32	36	81	240	150	15	100	58	85	54	n/a	91	86	37	32	84	67	56	9	8	12	21	n/a	n/a
Occupied Palestinian Territory	4147	2150	97	96	110	-2.4	74	24	27	95	n/a	n/a	7	90	88	84	69	n/a	73	74	86	91	99	99	93	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Oman	2785	1064	n/a	n/a	56	2.1	76	10	12	137	64	420	9	n/a	n/a	97	n/a	n/a	72	74	78	79	99	98	84	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Qatar	1281	251	n/a	n/a	33	n/a	76	9	10	126	12	2700	10	100	100	100	100	n/a	94	95	94	92	97	98	90	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Saudi Arabia	25201	9802	n/a	n/a	59	0.4	73	18	21	97	18	1400	11	97	n/a	100	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	98	96	85	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Syrian Arab Republic	21227	8843	96	95	107	1.3	74	14	16	123	130	210	9	95	83	96	88	n/a	97	92	67	65	95	92	83	5	3	15	12	n/a	n/a
Tunisia	10383	3004	n/a	n/a	98	3.4	74	18	21	110	100	500	5	99	84	96	64	n/a	96	97	61	68	97	94	78	n/a	n/a	7	14	n/a	n/a
Turkey	74877	24153	87	79	79	2.4	72	20	22	104	44	880	16	98	95	96	72	n/a	93	89	74	64	98	94	89	4	6	17	22	n/a	n/a
United Arab Emirates	4485	996	n/a	n/a	35	-0.1	77	7	8	151	37	1000	15	100	100	98	95	n/a	91	90	78	80	99	97	90	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Yemen	22917	11836	38	16	140	1.5	63	53	69	48	430	39	32	68	65	88	30	n/a	85	65	49	26	93	67	59	21	24	28	35	26	22
World	6,734,149	2,218,192	n/a	n/a	n/a	2.4	69	45	65	n/a	400	92	16	96	78	79	45	2,000	90	87	61	60	91	86	82	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Least developed countries#	816,593	384,442	42	25	n/a	2.8	57	82	129	n/a	870	24	17	81	55	49	27	900	81	76	31	27	73	63	52	31	28	37	54	n/a	n/a
Developing countries#	5,505,373	1,967,974	65	39	n/a	4.3	67	49	72	n/a	450	76	16	94	76	71	39	2,000	89	86	53	52	91	86	80	17	16	23	47	n/a	n/a
Sub-Saharan Africa#	821,614	405,963	51	28	n/a	1.7	52	86	144	n/a	920	22	15	81	45	42	24	1,800	76	70	30	26	77	69	62	34	32	27	49	30	37
Western and Central Africa#	395,745	198,248	57	32	n/a	1.3	51	96	169	n/a	1100	17	16	77	41	37	20	480	68	58	26	20	77	66	60	34	35	28	53	28	29
Eastern and Southern Africa#	383,672	188,246	40	24	n/a	1.5	53	76	120	n/a	760	29	14	88	48	48	28	1,300	83	82	32	29	78	69	64	36	32	27	45	36	46
Middle East and North Africa#	405,642	155,844	86	68	n/a	2.2	70	33	43	n/a	210	140	11	94	78	71	39	28	92	88	63	58	94	87	77	11	9	12	23	n/a	n/a
East Asia and Pacific#	1,996,426	558,310	81	67	n/a	7.4	72	22	28	n/a	150	350	6	96	81	75	59	41	98	97	61	64	99	98	93	10	10	12	25	n/a	n/a
Latin America and Caribbean#	570,505	195,055	92	82	n/a	1.6	74	19	23	n/a	130	280	9	97	73	86	52	55	95	95	69	74	97	97	91	11	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
South Asia#	1,595,435	619,590	52	30	n/a	4.3	64	57	76	n/a	500	59	27	94	84	57	23	110	87	82	n/a	n/a	84	74	64	13	12	33	58	n/a	n/a
Central and Eastern Europe/CIS#	403,528	97,938	93	92	n/a	2	69	20	23	n/a	46	1300	6	99	86	94	81	11	92	90	79	75	99	98	97	6	6	11	13	n/a	n/a
Industrialised countries#	983,196	204,961	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.8	80	5	6	n/a	8	8000	n/a	100	98	100	99	6	94	95	91	92	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Definition of the indicators

GDP per capita: Gross domestic product (GDP) is the sum of value added by all resident producers plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output. GDP per capita is gross domestic product divided by midyear population. Growth is calculated from constant price GDP data in local currency.

Life expectancy at birth: The number of years newborn children would live if subject to the mortality risks prevailing for their cross section of the population at the time of their birth.

Infant mortality rate: Probability of dying between birth and exactly one year of age expressed per 1,000 live births.

Under-five mortality rate: Probability of dying between birth and exactly five years of age expressed per 1,000 live births.

Maternal mortality ratio: Annual number of deaths of women from pregnancy-related causes per 100,000 live births.

Lifetime risk of maternal death: The lifetime risk of maternal death takes into account both the probability of becoming pregnant and the probability of dying as a result of that pregnancy accumulated across a woman's reproductive year.

Low birthweight: Infants who weigh less than 2,500 grams.

Primary school net enrolment ratio: The number of children enrolled in primary school who are of official primary school age, expressed as a percentage of the total number of children of official primary school age.

Secondary school net enrolment ratio: The number of children enrolled in secondary school who are of official secondary school age, expressed as a percentage of the total number of children of official secondary school age.

Adult literacy rate: Percentage of the population aged 15 and older who can read and write.

Child labour: Percentage of children aged 5-14 involved in child labour at the moment of the survey. A child is considered to be involved in child labour under the following conditions: (a) children 5-11 years of age who, during the week preceding the survey, did at least one hour of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic work and (b) children 12-14 years of age who, during the week preceding the survey, did at least 14 hours of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic work.

Child marriage: Percentage of women 20-24 who were married or in union before they were 18 years old.

Female genital mutilation/cutting:

(a) Women - the percentage of women aged 15-49 years of age who have been mutilated/cut.

(b) Daughters - the percentage of women aged 15-49 with at least one mutilated/cut daughter.

Female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) involves the cutting or alteration of the female genitalia for social reasons. Generally, there are three types of FGM/C: clitoridectomy, excision and infibulation. Clitoridectomy is the removal of the prepuce with or without excision of all or part of the clitoris.

Excision is the removal of the prepuce and clitoris along with all or part of the labia minora. Infibulation is the most severe form and consists of removal of all or part of the external genitalia, followed by joining together of the two sides of the labia minora using threads, thorns or other materials to narrow the vaginal opening.

UNDP Index: The human development index (HDI) is a summary measure of a country's human development. (See the source link for further details)

Colors definition

- Baseline used to compare the performance of each country
- Country data is better than the regional baseline
- Country data is worse than the regional baseline

Source:

The State of the World's Children 2009 – UNICEF
<http://www.unicef.org/rightsite/sowc/statistics.php>
 Human Development Report 2009 – United Nations Development Programme
<http://hdr.undp.org/en/statistics/>

Acronyms and symbols

n/a: Not available
 CIS: Commonwealth of Independent States
 UNDP: United Nations Development Programme
 * data refer to the most recent year available
 § includes territories as well as countries within each category or regional group
 # countries and territories in each category or regional group are classified according to UNICEF's State of the Children report

Indicators to the Convention of the Rights of the Child in the Middle East and North Africa

Female genital mutilation/cutting daughters (b) total 2002-2007*

n/a
n/a
28
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
20
n/a
n/a
n/a
19
14
28
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a
n/a



World's