

Indicators to the Convention of the Rights of the Child in Central and Eastern Europe/ Commonwealth of Independent States

Country	Total population (thousands) 2008	Population under 18 (thousands) 2008	Birth registration (%) 2000-2008*		UNDP Development Index, ranking on a total of 182 countries 2009	GDP per capita, average annual growth rate (%), 1990-2008	Life expectancy at birth (years) 2008	Infant mortality rate (under 1) 2008	Under-5 mortality rate 2008	Under-5 mortality rank (on a total of 193 countries) 2008	Maternal mortality ratio, adjusted 2005*	Maternal mortality ratio Lifetime risk of maternal death. 1 in: 2005*	Infants with low birthweight (%) 2003-2008		Population using improved drinking water sources, (%) 2006*		Population using improved sanitation facilities, (%) 2006*		Estimated number of children (0-14 years) living with HIV 2007* (thousands)	Primary school enrolment ratio net 2003-2008*		Secondary school enrolment ratio net 2003-2008*		Youth (15-24 years) literacy rate 2003-2007*		Total adult literacy rate 2003-2008*	Child labour (5-14 years) (%) 1999-2008*		Child marriage (%) 2000-2008*		Female genital mutilation/cutting women (a) (15-49 years) 2002-2007*	
			urban	rural									urban	rural	male	female	male	female		male	female	male	female	male	female		male	female	male	female	male	female
Albania	3143	949	97	98	70	5.3	77	13	14	125	92	490	7	97	97	98	97	n/a	94	93	74	72	99	100	99	14	9	7	8	n/a	n/a	
Armenia	3077	802	97	95	84	6.2	74	21	23	97	76	980	7	99	96	96	81	n/a	80	84	84	88	100	100	100	n/a	n/a	7	16	n/a	n/a	
Azerbaijan	8731	2698	96	92	86	4	70	32	36	72	82	670	10	95	59	90	70	n/a	87	85	79	76	100	100	99	8	5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Belarus	9679	1831	n/a	n/a	68	3.9	69	11	13	130	18	4800	4	100	99	91	97	n/a	90	89	87	89	100	100	100	6	4	6	10	n/a	n/a	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	3773	736	99	100	76	10.4	75	13	15	120	3	29000	5	100	98	99	92	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	100	100	97	7	4	2	7	n/a	n/a	
Bulgaria	7593	1275	n/a	n/a	61	2.7	73	9	11	140	11	7400	9	100	97	100	96	n/a	93	92	89	87	98	97	98	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Croatia	4423	833	n/a	n/a	45	3	76	5	6	158	7	10500	5	100	98	99	98	n/a	91	90	86	88	100	100	99	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Georgia	4307	951	97	87	89	2.4	72	26	30	86	66	1100	5	100	97	94	92	n/a	95	92	82	82	n/a	99	n/a	20	17	12	23	n/a	n/a	
Kazakhstan	15521	4547	99	99	82	3.5	65	27	30	86	140	360	6	99	91	97	98	n/a	91	90	86	85	100	100	100	2	2	6	9	n/a	n/a	
Kyrgyzstan	5414	1966	96	93	120	0	68	33	38	70	150	240	5	99	83	94	93	n/a	85	84	80	81	100	100	99	4	3	7	14	n/a	n/a	
Montenegro	9839	148	98	99	65	0.5	74	7	8	149	n/a	n/a	4	100	96	96	86	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	93	n/a	5	4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Republic of Moldova	3633	818	98	98	117	-0.4	69	15	17	112	22	3700	6	96	85	85	73	n/a	84	82	74	77	100	100	99	32	33	16	22	n/a	n/a	
Romania	21361	4054	n/a	n/a	63	2.7	73	12	14	125	24	3200	8	99	76	88	54	n/a	93	93	74	73	97	98	98	1	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Russian Federation	141394	26282	n/a	n/a	71	1.7	67	12	13	130	28	2700	6	100	88	93	70	n/a	91	91	n/a	n/a	100	100	100	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Serbia	622	2152	99	99	67	3.8	74	6	7	153	n/a	n/a	5	99	98	96	88	n/a	95	95	n/a	n/a	n/a	96	n/a	12	8	4	8	n/a	n/a	
Tajikistan	6836	3083	85	90	127	-1.5	67	54	64	53	170	160	10	93	58	95	91	n/a	99	95	88	75	100	100	100	9	11	13	13	n/a	n/a	
The former Yugoslave Republic of Macedonia	2041	469	95	93	72	0.7	74	10	11	140	10	6500	6	100	99	92	81	n/a	92	92	82	80	99	99	97	7	5	3	4	n/a	n/a	
Turkey	73914	24153	87	79	79	2.4	72	20	22	100	44	880	16	98	95	96	72	n/a	93	89	74	64	98	94	89	4	6	17	22	n/a	n/a	
Turkmenistan	5044	1864	96	95	109	4.1	65	43	48	61	130	290	4	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	100	100	100	n/a	n/a	9	6	n/a	n/a	
Ukraine	45992	8205	100	100	85	-0.1	68	14	16	116	18	5200	4	97	97	97	83	n/a	89	89	84	85	100	100	100	8	7	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Uzbekistan	27191	10122	100	100	119	1.5	68	34	38	70	24	1400	5	98	82	97	95	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	99	99	97	n/a	n/a	9	7	n/a	n/a	
World	6,734,149	2,218,192	n/a	n/a	n/a	2.4	69	45	65	n/a	400	92	16	96	78	79	45	2,100	90	87	61	60	91	86	82	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Least developed countries\$	816,593	384,442	42	25	n/a	2.8	57	82	129	n/a	870	24	17	81	55	49	27	970	81	76	31	27	73	63	52	31	28	37	54	n/a	n/a	
Developing countries\$	5,505,373	1,967,974	65	39	n/a	4.3	67	49	72	n/a	450	76	16	94	76	71	39	2,000	89	86	53	52	91	86	80	17	16	23	47	n/a	n/a	
Sub-Saharan Africa*	821,614	405,963	51	28	n/a	1.7	52	86	144	n/a	900	22	15	81	46	42	24	1,800	76	70	30	26	77	69	62	34	32	27	49	30	37	
Western and Central Africa*	395,745	198,248	57	32	n/a	1.5	51	96	169	n/a	1100	17	16	77	41	37	20	520	68	58	26	20	77	66	60	34	35	28	53	28	29	
Eastern and Southern Africa*	383,672	188,246	40	24	n/a	1.6	53	76	120	n/a	760	29	14	88	48	48	28	1,300	83	82	32	29	78	69	64	36	32	27	45	36	46	
Middle East and North Africa*	405,642	155,844	86	68	n/a	2.2	70	33	43	n/a	210	140	11	94	78	87	53	18	92	88	63	58	94	87	77	11	9	12	23	n/a	n/a	
East Asia and Pacific*	1,996,426	558,310	81	67	n/a	7.4	72	22	28	n/a	150	350	6	96	81	75	59	61	98	97	61	64	99	98	93	10	10	12	25	n/a	n/a	
Latin America and Caribbean*	570,505	195,055	92	82	n/a	1.6	74	19	23	n/a	130	280	9	97	73	86	52	42	95	95	69	74	97	97	91	11	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
South Asia*	1,595,435	619,590	52	30	n/a	4.3	64	57	76	n/a	500	59	27	94	84	57	23	99	87	82	n/a	n/a	84	74	64	13	12	33	58	n/a	n/a	
Central and Eastern Europe/CIS*	403,528	97,938	93	92	n/a	2	69	20	23	n/a	46	1300	6	99	88	94	79	20	92	90	79	75	99	98	97	6	6	11	13	n/a	n/a	
Industrialised countries*	983,196	204,961	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.8	80	5	6	n/a	8	8000	n/a	100	98	100	99	6	94	95	91	92	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	

Definition of the indicators

GDP per capita: Gross domestic product (GDP) is the sum of value added by all resident producers plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output. GDP per capita is gross domestic product divided by midyear population. Growth is calculated from constant price GDP data in local currency.

Life expectancy at birth: The number of years newborn children would live if subject to the mortality risks prevailing for their cross section of the population at the time of their birth.

Infant mortality rate: Probability of dying between birth and exactly one year of age expressed per 1,000 live births.

Under-five mortality rate: Probability of dying between birth and exactly five years of age expressed per 1,000 live births.

Maternal mortality ratio: Annual number of deaths of women from pregnancy-related causes per 100,000 live births.

Lifetime risk of maternal death: The lifetime risk of maternal death takes into account both the probability of becoming pregnant and the probability of dying as a result of that pregnancy accumulated across a woman's reproductive year.

Low birthweight: Infants who weigh less than 2,500 grams.

Primary school net enrolment ratio: The number of children enrolled in primary school who are of official primary school age, expressed as a percentage of the total number of children of official primary school age.

Secondary school net enrolment ratio: The number of children enrolled in secondary school who are of official secondary school age, expressed as a percentage of the total number of children of official secondary school age.

Adult literacy rate: Percentage of the population aged 15 and older who can read and write.

Child labour: Percentage of children aged 5-14 involved in child labour at the moment of the survey. A child is considered to be involved in child labour under the following conditions: (a) children 5-11 years of age who, during the week preceding the survey, did at least one hour of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic work and (b) children 12-14 years of age who, during the week preceding the survey, did at least 14 hours of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic work.

Child marriage: Percentage of women 20-24 who were married or in union before they were 18 years old.

Female genital mutilation/cutting:

(a) Women - the percentage of women aged 15-49 years of age who have been mutilated/cut.

(b) Daughters - the percentage of women aged 15-49 with at least one mutilated/cut daughter.

Female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) involves the cutting or alteration of the female genitalia for social reasons. Generally, there are three types of FGM/C: clitoridectomy, excision and infibulation. Clitoridectomy is the removal of the prepuce with or without excision of all or part of the clitoris. Excision is the removal of the prepuce and clitoris along with all or part of the labia minora. Infibulation is the most severe form and consists of removal of all or part of the external genitalia, followed by joining together of the two sides of the labia minora using threads, thorns or other materials to narrow the vaginal opening.

UNDP Index: The human development index (HDI) is a summary measure of a country's human development. (See the source link for further details)

Colors definition

Baseline used to compare the performance of each country

Country data is better than the regional baseline

Country data is worse than the regional baseline

Source:

The State of the World's Children 2009 – UNICEF
<http://www.unicef.org/rightsite/owc/statistics.php>
 Human Development Report 2009 – United Nations Development Programme
<http://hdr.undp.org/en/statistics/>

Acronyms and symbols

n/a: Not available
 CIS: Commonwealth of Independent States
 UNDP: United Nations Development Programme
 * data refer to the most recent year available
 \$ includes territories as well as countries within each category or regional group
 # countries and territories in each category or regional group are classified according to UNICEF's State of the World's C

